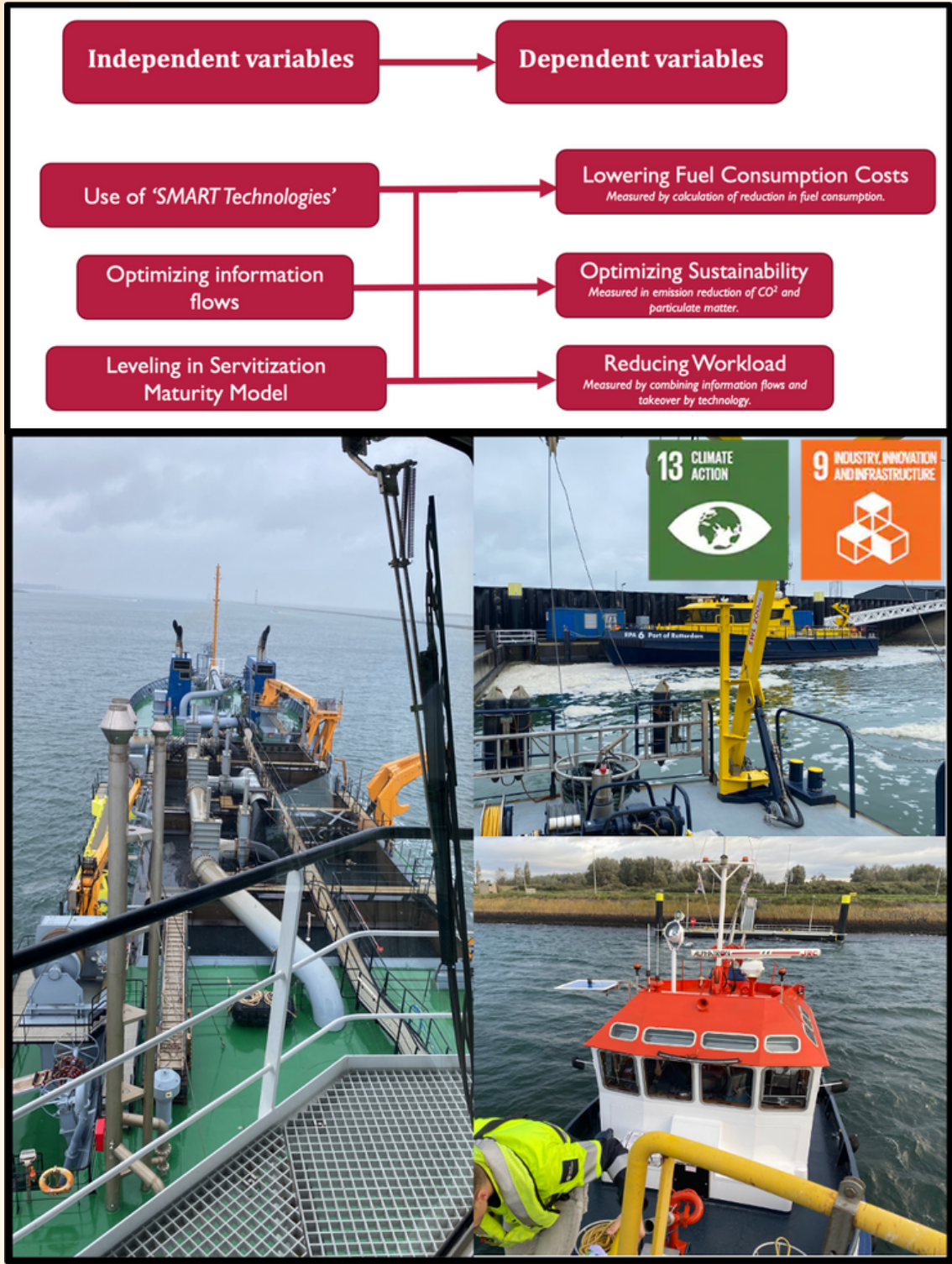


OPTIMAL PLANNING

MAIN RESEARCH QUESTION:

HOW CAN A CHANGE IN INSPECTION WORK AND INFORMATION FLOW CONTRIBUTE TO A REDUCTION OF FUEL CONSUMPTION, WORKLOAD AND OPTIMISE SUSTAINABILITY?



STAGE 2: FIELD RESEARCH

- WHAT IS THE MATURITY LEVEL OF SERVICITIZATION?
- HOW DO SMART SENSORS OPTIMIZE INSPECTION WORK?
- WHAT TYPE OF PLANNING OPTIMIZES THE INFORMATION FLOW?
- INTERVIEWS WITH INSPECTION SERVICE, DREDGING SERVICE, ROBOTICS, ETC.

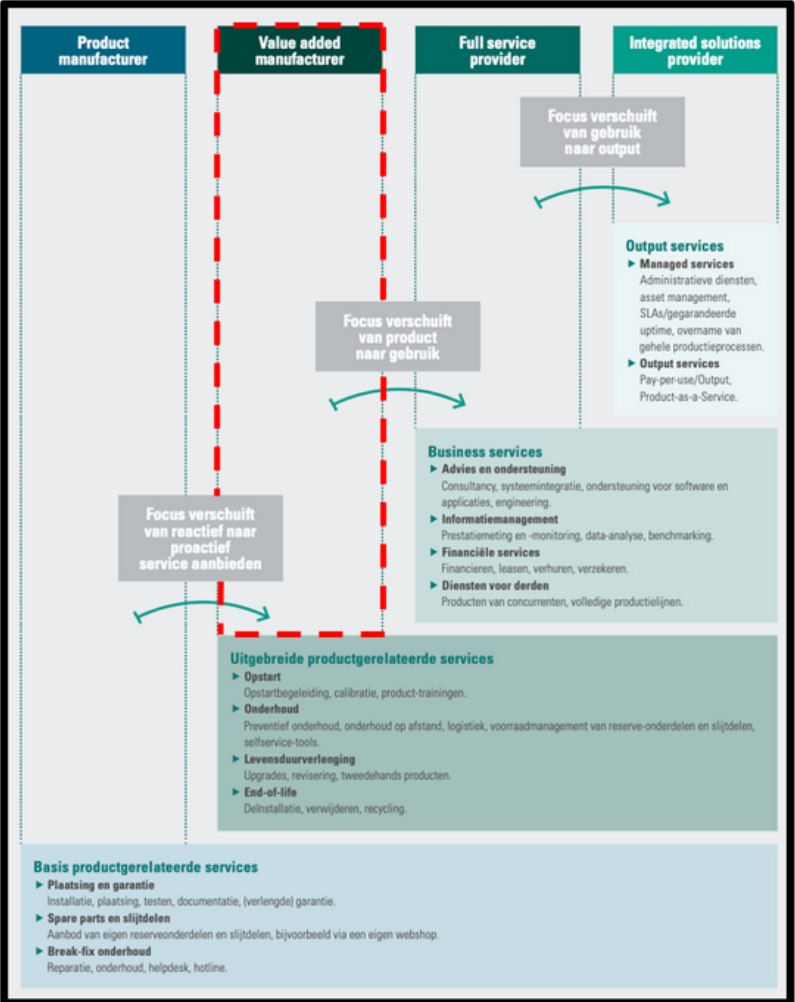
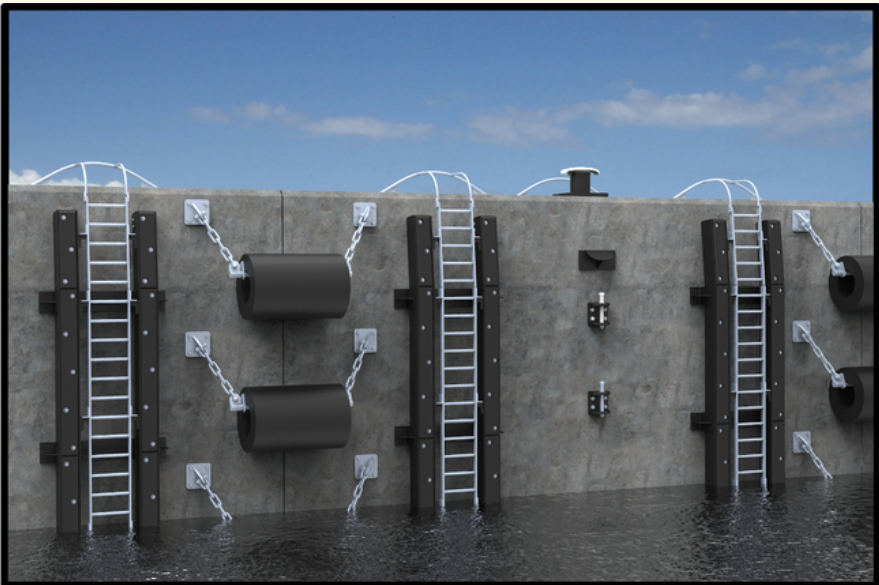
	Small Gap	Big Gap
Sensors in Quay Walls.		→
Combining information flows.		→
Adjustment		→
Contractor tasks	←	
Types of maintenance		→
Fuel consumption		→
CO ₂ en particulate matter.	←	
Lowering workload	←	

SEPTEMBER - OCTOBER

STAGE 1: CURRENT SITUATION

- WHAT KIND OF INFORMATION FLOWS EXIST IN THE AM C&D DEPARTMENT?
- WHAT KIND OF SERVICITIZATION DOES THE PORT OF ROTTERDAM USE?
- WHAT SMART TECHNOLOGIES ARE APPLICABLE IN THIS RESEARCH?

NOVEMBER



DECEMBER

STAGE 3: ANALYZING

- SENSORS ARE NOT USED IN INSPECTION WORK. IN NEAR FUTURE A FOLLOW-UP RESEARCH CAN BE DONE TO INVESTIGATE ITS POTENTIAL TO SUSTAINABILITY AND WORKLOAD.
- THE DEPARTMENTS PREFER HAVING CONTROL OF THE ASSETS AND KEEPING RESPONSIBILITY. SHARING DATA FROM SENSORS CAN OPTIMISE LEVEL OF SERVICITIZATION.
 - ADJUSTING THE CURRENT PLANNING OF THE HYDROGRAPHIC SERVICE TO INSPECTION WORKERS OFFERS CHANCE TO REDUCE SHIP MOVEMENTS AND REDUCE FUEL EMISSION.

REDUCING 112,21 KG CO₂ 90 GRAM
PARTICULATE MATTER AND €25,87 PER HOUR

SMART LOGISTICS IN ASSET MANAGEMENT