



DReSC: Digital Resilience in Supply Chains

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Security to Resilience

Executive Board

CISO

Employee

Customers

Maersk IT systems are down

We can confirm that Maersk IT systems are down across multiple sites and business units due to a cyber attack. We continue to assess the situation. The safety of our employees, our operations and customer's business is our top priority. We will update when we have more information.



Follow our Twitter feed for more information.

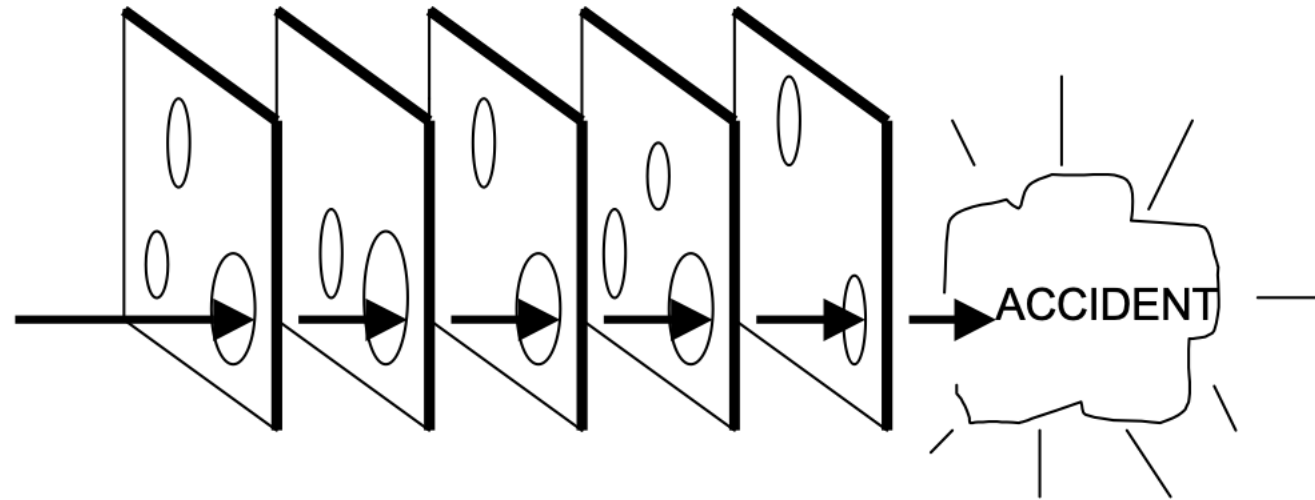
Read the post



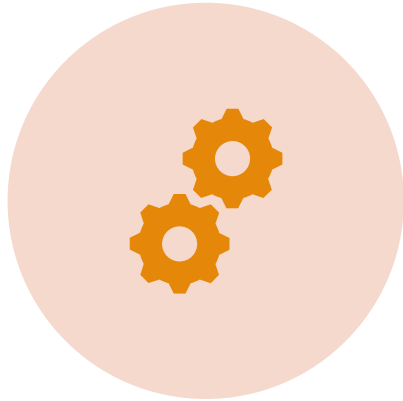


AI Generated

Swiss Cheese Model



What we need to build resilience?



TRANSPARENT
PROCESSES AND SYSTEMS



MONITORING



PLAN OF ACTION

NIS2 in brief



Applies to essential and important entities across sectors like logistics, energy, health, finance and digital infrastructure.



Requires cybersecurity policies, incident response plans, supply chain security, and encryption standards.



Major incidents must be reported within 24 hours, with follow-ups and final impact assessments.



Company leadership is directly responsible for compliance and must undergo cybersecurity training.



Non-compliance can lead to fines of up to €10 million or 2% of global annual turnover.

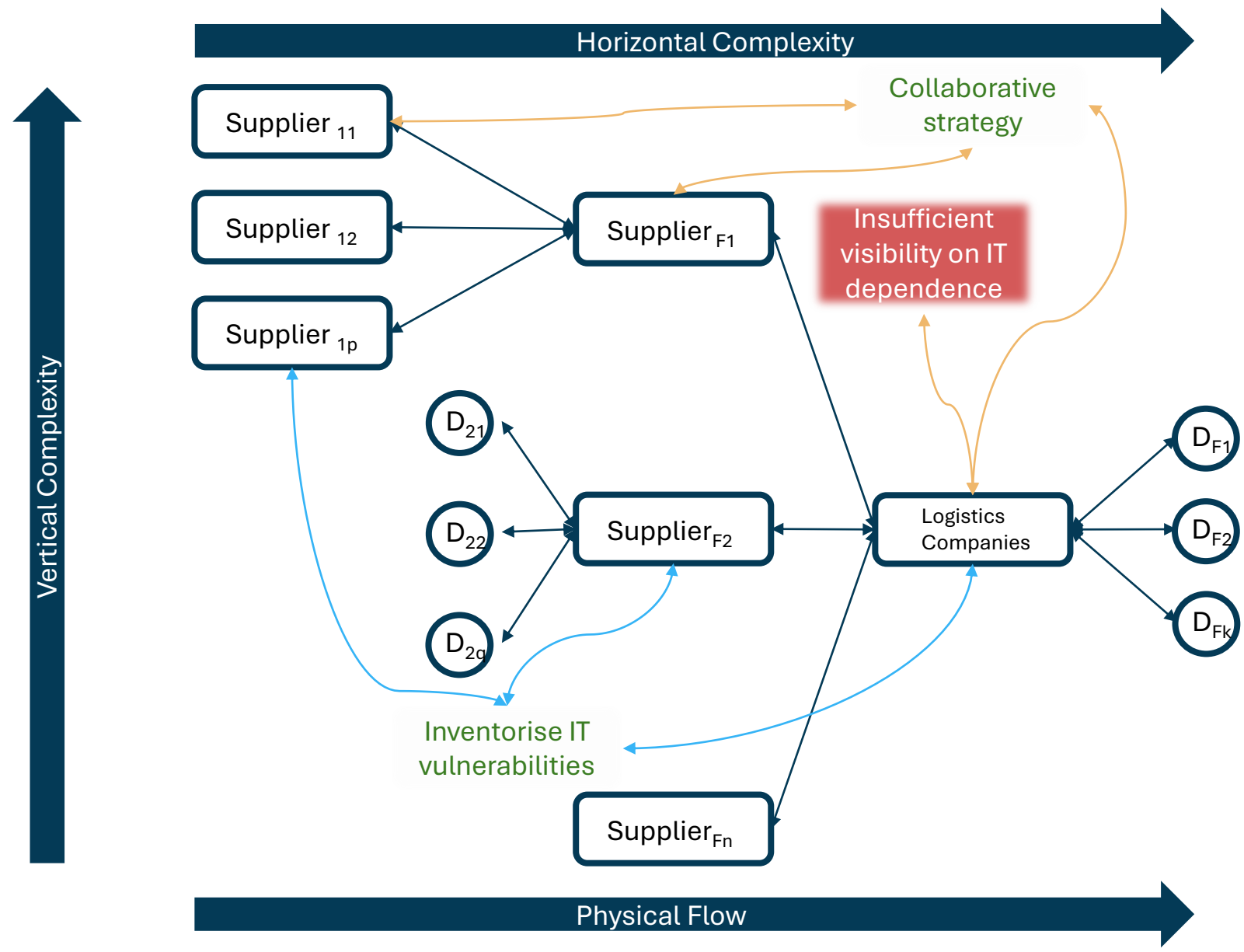
Popular Security Standards

ISO 27001

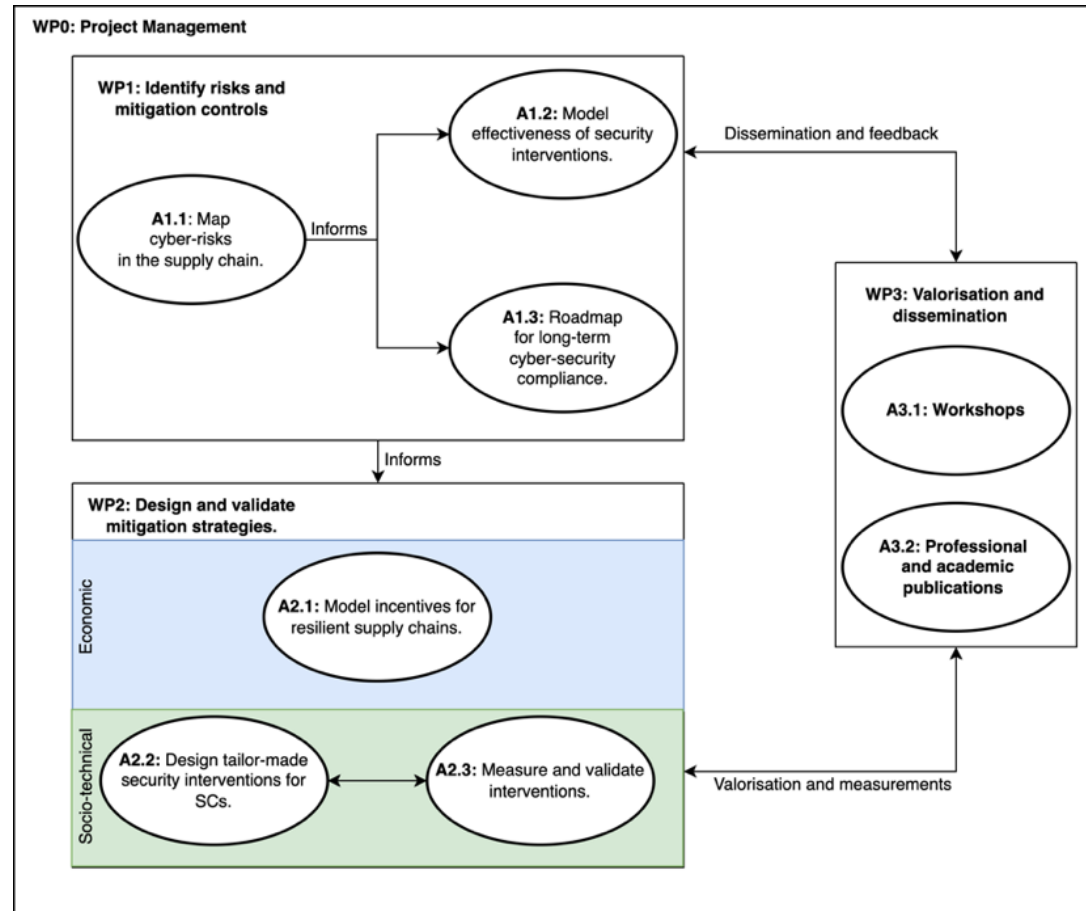
- **Risk-Based Framework:** Identify, assess, and treat information security risks using a structured, repeatable methodology.
- **Control Implementation:** Apply security controls from ISO 27001 Annex A, supported by documented policies and procedures.
- **Continuous Improvement:** Monitor, audit, and review the ISMS regularly to enhance effectiveness and respond to changes.

NIST CSF 2.0

- **Govern & Identify:** Define cybersecurity roles, responsibilities, and risks across assets, systems, and supply chains.
- **Protect & Detect:** Implement safeguards (e.g., access control, training) and monitor for anomalies or threats in real time.
- **Respond & Recover:** Act on incidents with structured response plans and restore operations while learning from disruptions.



Our approach



- Address both **technical and non-technical** cybersecurity risks.
- Align **actions to strategy**, and embed both into **organizational culture**.
- Use **continuous feedback loops** from real-world practice to improve.
- Prioritize by resolving **known dependencies and existing risks** first.

Using Knowledge Graphs for Role-Based Cybersecurity Training

Building tailored training for real-world security challenges



System Mapping Process

We identify critical business processes and map software dependencies to create a comprehensive view of the digital ecosystem.

- Map critical workflows
- Document dependencies
- Identify vulnerabilities



Role-Based Security Training

Our approach links vulnerabilities to specific roles and creates training content tailored to each department's needs.

- Connect systems to roles
- Build knowledge graph
- Create targeted training



Behavioral Economics Integration

Security decisions are affected by cognitive biases and real-world pressures, like staff delaying updates due to time constraints.

- Change behavior patterns
- Reduce security fatigue
- Address decay over time

Try it out!



dresc.nl

Any Questions

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